### 108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 5069

To enhance homeland security science and technology, and for other purposes.

# IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 13, 2004

Mr. Thornberry (for himself and Ms. Lofgren) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, and in addition to the Select Committee on Homeland Security, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

To enhance homeland security science and technology, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Department of Home-
- 5 land Security Science and Technology Enhancement Act
- 6 of 2004".
- 7 SEC. 2. HOMELAND SECURITY INSTITUTE EXTENSION.
- 8 Section 312(g) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
- 9 (6 U.S.C. 192(g)) is amended to read as follows:

- 1 "(g) TERMINATION.—The Homeland Security Insti-
- 2 tute shall terminate 10 years after its establishment.".

#### 3 SEC. 3. SPECIAL ACCESS PROGRAMS.

- 4 For the purposes of carrying out the responsibilities
- 5 of the Secretary under section 302 of the Homeland Secu-
- 6 rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182), the Secretary is author-
- 7 ized to establish and maintain special access programs as-
- 8 sociated with research, development, test and evaluation,
- 9 and acquisition of technology or systems. Access to knowl-
- 10 edge of such programs shall be strictly limited, and such
- 11 programs shall be subject to restricted reporting require-
- 12 ments in the manner described in section 119 of title 10,
- 13 United States Code. Nothing in this section shall be con-
- 14 strued to alter or diminish the effect of section 306(a) of
- 15 the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 186(a)).

#### 16 SEC. 4. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

# 17 **ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**

- Section 311(c)(2) of the Homeland Security Act of
- 19 2002 (6 U.S.C. 191(c)(2)) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 "(2) Original Appointments.—The original
- 21 members of the Advisory Committee shall be ap-
- pointed to three classes. One class of six shall have
- a term of 1 year, one class of seven a term of 2
- years, and one class of seven a term of 3 years.".

#### 1 SEC. 5. ADDITIONAL BUDGET-RELATED SUBMISSIONS.

- 2 (a) In General.—Beginning in fiscal year 2006,
- 3 and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- 4 rity shall submit to the Congress budget request informa-
- 5 tion for the Directorate of Science and Technology that
- 6 includes research portfolio-based budget submissions and
- 7 estimated funding summaries for each of—
- 8 (1) the Office of Research and Development;
- 9 (2) the Office of Homeland Security Advanced
- 10 Research Projects Agency;
- 11 (3) the Office of Systems Engineering Develop-
- ment;
- 13 (4) the Office of Plans, Programs, and Budget;
- 14 and
- 15 (5) such other major Directorate components as
- the Secretary may establish.
- 17 (b) Submission.—The Secretary shall submit the in-
- 18 formation required under subsection (a) at the same time
- 19 as the submission of the President's annual budget re-
- 20 quest to the Congress.
- 21 SEC. 6. TECHNOLOGY-RELATED SOLICITATIONS, CON-
- TRACTS, AND GRANTS.
- Not later than 60 days after the end of each fiscal
- 24 year, the Under Secretary for Science and Technology
- 25 shall transmit to the Congress a summary of the solicita-
- 26 tions and resulting contracts and grants awarded by the

1	Directorate of Science and Technology in the past fiscal
2	year, including—
3	(1) a description of each solicitation offered, the
4	number of proposals received in response to each so-
5	licitation, and the number of proposals selected for
6	funding for each solicitation;
7	(2) a description of the process used for pro-
8	posal selection in each solicitation, including the role
9	of peer review;
10	(3) the status of contract funding with respect
11	to each selected proposal;
12	(4) a breakdown of the types of organizations
13	receiving funding, such as institutions of higher edu-
14	cation, small businesses, private industry, and non-
15	profit organizations; and
16	(5) the number of transactions entered into as
17	authorized under section 831(a)(1) of the Homeland
18	Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391(a)(1)) and a de-
19	scription of the benefits of the use of this authority
20	by the Directorate of Science and Technology.
21	SEC. 7. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE INVESTMENT.
22	(a) Assessment.—The Secretary of Homeland Secu-
23	rity shall conduct an assessment of—

1	(1) the development of national capabilities in
2	homeland security science and technology to address
3	basic scientific research needs, which shall—
4	(A) identify the most important scientific
5	and technological challenges and priorities for
6	homeland security;
7	(B) assess the extent to which the Depart-
8	ment of Homeland Security research and devel-
9	opment agenda is addressing the challenges and
10	priorities identified under subparagraph (A);
11	(C) assess whether the Department is ef-
12	fectively coordinating Federal research and de-
13	velopment efforts in homeland security, particu-
14	larly in the areas identified under subparagraph
15	(A);
16	(D) assess the extent to which the agenda
17	of the Department for basic research ensures
18	that the Nation undertakes appropriate science
19	investments to meet the long-term homeland se-
20	curity needs of the Nation, and recommend the
21	extent to which such investments should be un-
22	dertaken; and
23	(E) identify the criteria used for setting
24	the optimal level of investment in basic re-
25	search; and

- 1 (2) the methods used by the Directorate of 2 Science and Technology for the prioritization of 3 science and technology projects among, and within, 4 research portfolios, including the selection and exe-5 cution of such projects, which shall—
  - (A) evaluate the process by which the Directorate obtains classified and unclassified threat and vulnerability information, and how that information is used to inform decisions on resource and funding allocations;
  - (B) evaluate the usefulness of following a cost/benefit analysis to allocate funding among those portfolios and Directorate components; and
  - (C) evaluate the current methodology for selecting, funding, and awarding homeland security science programs at the national laboratories and academic institutions, and whether optimal use of such laboratories and institutions is being made.
- 21 (b) DEADLINE.—Not later than one year after the 22 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall transmit 23 to the Congress the findings of the Department's assess-24 ment under subsection (a), including recommendations for 25 improvements where necessary.

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## SEC. 8. CYBERSECURITY TRAINING PROGRAMS AND EQUIP-2 MENT. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Secuthrough the Assistant 4 rity, acting Secretary 5 Cybersecurity, may establish, in conjunction with the National Science Foundation, a program to award grants to institutions of higher education (and consortia thereof) 8 for— 9 (1)the establishment orexpansion of cybersecurity professional development programs; 10 11 (2) the establishment or expansion of associate 12 degree programs in cybersecurity; and 13 (3) the purchase of equipment to provide train-14 ing in cybersecurity for either professional develop-15 ment programs or degree programs. 16 (b) Roles.— 17 (1) Department of Homeland Security.— 18 The Secretary, acting through the Assistant Sec-19 retary for Cybersecurity and in consultation with the 20 Director of the National Science Foundation, shall 21 establish the goals for the program established 22 under this section and the criteria for awarding 23 grants under the program. 24 (2) National Science Foundation.—The Di-25 rector of the National Science Foundation shall op-

erate the program established under this section

- 1 consistent with the goals and criteria established
- 2 under paragraph (1), including soliciting applicants,
- 3 reviewing applications, and making and admin-
- 4 istering grant awards. The Director may consult
- 5 with the Assistant Secretary for Cybersecurity in se-
- 6 lecting awardees.
- 7 (3) Funding.—The Secretary shall transfer to
- 8 the National Science Foundation the funds nec-
- 9 essary to carry out this section.
- 10 (c) Grant Awards.—
- 11 (1) Peer review.—All grant awards under
- this section shall be made on a competitive, merit-
- reviewed basis.
- 14 (2) Focus.—In making grant awards under
- this section, the Director shall, to the extent prac-
- ticable, ensure geographic diversity and the partici-
- pation of women and underrepresented minorities.
- 18 (3) Preference.—In making grant awards
- under this section, the Director shall give preference
- to applications submitted by consortia of institutions
- 21 to encourage as many students and professionals as
- 22 possible to benefit from this program.
- 23 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 24 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-
- 25 rying out this section \$3,700,000 for fiscal year 2005.

- 1 (e) Definitions.—In this section, the term "institu-
- 2 tion of higher education" has the meaning given that term
- 3 in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965
- 4 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- 5 SEC. 9. JOINT DEVELOPMENT OF COUNTERTERRORISM
- 6 AND HOMELAND SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES,
- 7 PRODUCTS, AND SERVICES.
- 8 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—For the purpose of jointly de-
- 9 veloping counterterrorism and homeland security tech-
- 10 nologies, products, and services, the Secretary of Home-
- 11 land Security may enter into agreements or partnerships
- 12 with foreign governments that are allies of the United
- 13 States in the war on terrorism and have extensive experi-
- 14 ence in counterterrorism activities, including the Govern-
- 15 ment of Israel and the Government of the United King-
- 16 dom.
- 17 (b) Funding.—Of the amounts appropriated for pro-
- 18 grams administered by the Directorate of Science and
- 19 Technology of the Department of Homeland Security for
- 20 fiscal year 2005, there is authorized up to \$20,000,000
- 21 to carry out this section.
- 22 SEC. 10. GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION.
- 23 (a) Coordination of Geospatial Information.—
- 24 With respect to geospatial technology, and interoperability

1	of such technology, the Secretary of Homeland Security
2	shall—
3	(1) identify the homeland security-related
4	geospatial information needs of the Department of
5	Homeland Security;
6	(2) evaluate the geospatial information gath-
7	ering activities of the Directorates of the Depart-
8	ment, and take appropriate actions to enhance infor-
9	mation sharing, integration, or consolidation with re-
10	spect to such activities within the Department;
11	(3) evaluate geospatial technologies, including
12	information, data, systems, services, hardware, and
13	software, that are utilized by or available to the De-
14	partment;
15	(4) evaluate whether geospatial information col-
16	lected under projects for which the Department has
17	provided grant funds is available to the Department
18	(5) ensure that the Department is participating
19	in and coordinating with the Federal Geographic
20	Data Committee and other similar entities;

(6) identify the homeland security-related

geospatial information that is being collected by

other Federal agencies, and evaluate its usefulness

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- 1 (7) coordinate geospatial information sharing 2 processes between the Department and other Fed-3 eral, State, and local agencies; and
- 4 (8) to the extent practicable, utilize commercial 5 geospatial data and services to meet the geospatial 6 information needs of the Department or to supple-7 ment the geospatial activities of the Department and 8 its directorates.
- 9 (b) Geospatial Management Office.—The Sec10 retary of Homeland Security shall establish a Geospatial
  11 Management Office. The head of such office shall be the
  12 Geospatial Information Officer, who shall be responsible
  13 for coordinating the geospatial information activities of
  14 the Department of Homeland Security, with support and
  15 assistance from other Directorates and offices within the
  16 Department.
- (c) Defined Terms.—As used in this subsection:
- 18 (1) Geospatial information.—The term
  19 "geospatial information" means graphical or digital
  20 data depicting natural or manmade physical fea21 tures, phenomena, or boundaries of the earth and
  22 any information related thereto, including surveys,
  23 maps, charts, remote sensing data, and images.
- 24 (2) Geospatial technology.—The term 25 "geospatial technology" means any technology uti-

1 lized by specialists, analysts, surveyors, 2 photogrammetrists, hydrographers, geodesists, cartographers, architects, or engineers for the collec-3 tion, storage, retrieval, or dissemination of 5 geospatial information, including global satellite sur-6 veillance systems, global position systems (GPS), ge-7 ographic information systems (GIS), mapping equip-8 ment, geocoding technology, and remote sensing de-9 vices.

#### 10 SEC. 11. INTEROPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS.

- 11 (a) Coordination of Public Safety Interoper-
- 12 ABLE COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAMS.—The Secretary of
- 13 Homeland Security shall establish a program to enhance
- 14 public safety interoperable communications at all levels of
- 15 government. Such program shall—
- 16 (1) establish a comprehensive national approach 17 to achieving public safety interoperable communica-
- tions;
- 19 (2) coordinate with other Federal agencies in
- carrying out paragraph (1);
- 21 (3) develop, in consultation with other appro-
- priate Federal agencies and State and local authori-
- 23 ties, an appropriate baseline of communications
- 24 interoperability for Federal, State, and local public
- 25 safety agencies;

- 1 (4) accelerate, in consultation with other Fed2 eral agencies, including the National Institute of
  3 Standards and Technology, the private sector, and
  4 nationally recognized standards organizations as ap5 propriate, the development of national voluntary
  6 consensus standards for public safety interoperable
  7 communications;
  - (5) encourage the development of flexible and open architectures, with appropriate levels of security, for short-term and long-term solutions to public safety communications interoperability;
  - (6) assist other Federal agencies in identifying priorities for research, development, and testing and evaluation with regard to public safety interoperable communications;
  - (7) identify priorities within the Department for research, development, and testing and evaluation with regard to public safety interoperable communications;
  - (8) establish coordinated guidance for Federal grant programs for public safety interoperable communications;
  - (9) provide technical assistance to State and local public safety agencies regarding planning, acquisition strategies, interoperability architectures,

- training, and other functions necessary to achieve
   public safety communications interoperability;
- 3 (10) develop and disseminate best practices to 4 improve public safety communications interoper-5 ability; and
- 6 (11) develop appropriate performance measures
  7 and milestones to systematically measure the Na8 tion's progress towards achieving public safety com9 munications interoperability, including the develop10 ment of national voluntary consensus standards.
- 11 (b) Office of Public Safety Interoperable 12 Communications.—
- 13 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary may es-14 tablish an Office of Public Safety Interoperable 15 Communications to carry out this section.
- 16 (2) APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY
  17 COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee
  18 Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to advisory
  19 groups established and maintained by the Office.
- 20 (c) Report.—Not later than 120 days after the date 21 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report 22 to the Congress on Department of Homeland Security 23 plans for accelerating the development of national vol-24 untary consensus standards for public safety interoperable

- 1 communications, a schedule of milestones for such development, and achievements of such development.
- 3 SEC. 12. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND TRANSFER.
- 4 (a) Transfer Program.—Section 313 of the Home-
- 5 land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 193) is amended—
- 6 (1) by adding at the end of subsection (b) the
- 7 following new paragraph:
- 8 "(6) The establishment of a homeland security
- 9 technology and equipment transfer program to facili-
- tate the identification, modification, and commer-
- cialization of technology and equipment for use by
- 12 Federal, State, and local governmental agencies,
- emergency response providers, and the private sec-
- 14 tor.";
- 15 (2) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
- section (d); and
- 17 (3) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
- lowing new subsection:
- 19 "(c) Technology Transfer Program.—In devel-
- 20 oping the program described in subsection (b)(6), the Sec-
- 21 retary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science
- 22 and Technology, shall—
- 23 "(1) in consultation with the Under Secretary
- 24 for Emergency Preparedness and Response and the

1	Director of the Office for Domestic Preparedness, on
2	an ongoing basis—
3	"(A) conduct surveys and reviews of avail-
4	able appropriate technologies that have been de-
5	veloped, tested, evaluated, or demonstrated by
6	the Department, other Federal agencies, or the
7	private sector, and that may be useful in assist-
8	ing Federal, State, and local governmental
9	agencies, emergency response providers, or the
10	private sector to prevent, prepare for, or re-
11	spond to acts of terrorism;
12	"(B) conduct or support tests, evaluations,
13	or demonstrations as appropriate of tech-
14	nologies identified under subparagraph (A), in-
15	cluding any necessary modifications to such
16	technologies for counterterrorism use; and
17	"(C) communicate to Federal, State, and
18	local governmental agencies, emergency re-
19	sponse providers, or the private sector the avail-
20	ability of such technologies for counterterrorism
21	use; and
22	"(2) in support of the activities described in
23	paragraph (1)—
24	"(A) consult with Federal, State, and local
25	emergency response providers;

- 1 "(B) consult with government and nation-2 ally recognized standards organizations as ap-3 propriate;
- "(C) enter into agreements and coordinate
  with other Federal agencies as the Secretary
  determines appropriate, in order to maximize
  the effectiveness of such technologies or to facilitate commercialization of such technologies;
  and
- 10 "(D) consult with existing technology 11 transfer programs and Federal and State train-12 ing centers that test, evaluate, and transfer 13 military and other technologies for use by emer-14 gency response providers.".
- 15 (b) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary for Science 16 17 and Technology shall transmit to the Congress a descrip-18 tion of the progress the Department has made in implementing the provisions of section 313 of the Homeland 19 20 Security Act of 2002, as amended by this Act, including 21 a description of the process used to review unsolicited proposals received as described in subsection (b)(3) of such 23 section.
- 24 (c) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section (in-25 cluding the amendments made by this section) shall be

- 1 construed to alter or diminish the effect of the limitation
- 2 on the authority of the Secretary of Homeland Security
- 3 under section 302(4) of the Homeland Security Act of
- 4 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182(4)) with respect to human health-re-
- 5 lated research and development activities.

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